

law redemption in court pdf

Understanding Law Redemption in Court: A Comprehensive Guide

law redemption in court pdf is a crucial concept often encountered in various legal contexts, particularly concerning property and financial matters. This article aims to demystify the intricacies of redemption laws as they apply within court proceedings, offering a detailed exploration for those seeking to understand their rights and options. We will delve into the fundamental principles of redemption, its practical applications in foreclosure and debt recovery, the typical procedures involved, and the critical factors that influence a party's ability to exercise their right of redemption. Furthermore, we will discuss the potential implications and considerations for both debtors and creditors when redemption is involved, and touch upon common scenarios where these legal provisions come into play. Understanding the nuances of law redemption in court is vital for informed decision-making in potentially stressful financial and legal situations, and this guide provides a solid foundation for that knowledge.

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What is the Law of Redemption in Court?

The law of redemption in court refers to the legal right granted to a debtor or a party with an interest in a property to reclaim that property after it has been subjected to a sale due to unpaid debts or liabilities. This right typically arises when a creditor has foreclosed on a property or sought to enforce a lien through court action. Essentially, redemption allows the original owner, or someone acting on their behalf, to "buy back" the property by satisfying the outstanding debt, accrued interest, and any associated legal costs. The court plays a central role in overseeing these processes, ensuring that the procedures are followed correctly and that the rights of all parties involved are protected. Understanding the framework of law redemption in court is paramount for individuals facing foreclosure, tax sales, or other situations where their property is at risk of being permanently lost.

Key Principles of Redemption Laws

Several fundamental principles underpin the concept of law redemption in court across various jurisdictions. These principles aim to provide a measure of fairness and an opportunity for debtors to rectify their financial obligations and retain ownership. A core principle is the recognition that a property sale, especially through foreclosure, should not necessarily result in an irreversible loss of ownership for the debtor if they can still meet their obligations. Another key aspect is the acknowledgment of the debtor's equity in the property, which they have built up through payments or appreciation. Redemption laws are designed to protect this equity. Furthermore, these laws often emphasize the importance of due process, ensuring that debtors are adequately notified of their right to redeem and the procedures involved. The concept of fairness and preventing unjust enrichment for creditors also plays a significant role. Ultimately, the overarching goal is to offer a pathway back to ownership for those who can demonstrate their commitment to fulfilling their financial responsibilities.

Redemption in Foreclosure Proceedings

Foreclosure is one of the most common scenarios where the law of redemption in court becomes highly relevant. When a homeowner defaults on their mortgage payments, the lender can initiate foreclosure proceedings to recover the outstanding loan amount. In many jurisdictions, laws provide debtors with a window of opportunity to redeem their property even after the foreclosure sale has occurred. This right is designed to be a last resort, giving homeowners a chance to save their homes from permanent loss.

Statutory Redemption Period

A statutory redemption period is a specific timeframe established by law, during which a foreclosed homeowner can redeem their property. This period typically begins after the foreclosure sale and can range from a few months to a year or more, depending on state or local statutes. To exercise the right of statutory redemption, the debtor must pay the full amount of the foreclosure sale price, plus any accrued interest, taxes, and other costs specified by law. This amount can sometimes be higher than the original debt owed. Successfully navigating the statutory redemption period requires prompt action and a clear understanding of the specific requirements outlined in the relevant statutes, which can often be found in downloadable law redemption in court pdf documents provided by legal aid societies or government agencies.

Equitable Redemption

Equitable redemption, also known as the right of redemption before sale, is the right of a debtor to redeem their property before the foreclosure sale takes place. This right allows a borrower to stop the foreclosure process by paying the full amount of the outstanding debt, including principal, interest, late fees, and legal expenses incurred by the lender. Unlike statutory redemption, which has a set legal timeframe after a sale, equitable redemption can be exercised at any point up until the gavel falls at the auction. It offers an earlier and often less costly opportunity for debtors to retain their property and avoid the consequences of a foreclosure sale.

Redemption in Debt Recovery and Other Legal Contexts

While foreclosure is a prominent example, the principle of law redemption in court can extend to other legal situations involving debt and property rights. For instance, in cases of tax sales, where properties are sold due to unpaid property taxes, the original owner often retains a right to redeem the property within a specified period by paying the delinquent taxes, penalties, and interest. Similarly, in some instances of judgment liens or other statutory liens, the party whose property is sold to satisfy a judgment may have a right to redeem. These situations highlight the broader application of redemption principles, aiming to provide recourse for property owners facing loss due to financial encumbrances enforced through court orders.

The Process of Exercising the Right to Redeem

Exercising the right to redeem a property involves a formal legal process that requires careful adherence to specific steps and deadlines. Failure to comply with these requirements can result in the forfeiture of the redemption right. Understanding this process is crucial for anyone considering redemption.

Calculating the Redemption Amount

A critical first step in the redemption process is accurately calculating the total amount required. This amount is not simply the outstanding debt at the time of default. It typically includes the full principal balance, all accrued interest up to the date of redemption, any late fees or penalties, property taxes, insurance premiums paid by the creditor, and all legal and administrative costs associated with the foreclosure or sale. In cases of statutory redemption, the amount might also include the successful bid price at the foreclosure auction, plus interest. Obtaining a detailed breakdown from the creditor or the court clerk is essential, and often legal counsel is required to ensure this calculation is correct. Many jurisdictions offer resources, including specific forms and guides, that may be available in a law redemption in court pdf format to assist in this calculation.

Filing a Redemption Claim

Once the redemption amount is calculated and funds are secured, the debtor must formally file a redemption claim with the court. This usually involves submitting a specific legal document or petition that formally declares the intention to redeem the property. The timing of this filing is critical, as it must occur within the legally prescribed redemption period. The filing fee, if any, must be paid, and the document must be properly served on the current holder of the property (often the foreclosure sale buyer) and any other interested parties. This action officially initiates the redemption process and signals to the court and other parties the debtor's intent.

Court Intervention and Orders

The court plays a pivotal role throughout the redemption process. After a redemption claim is filed, the court may schedule hearings to review the claim, verify the payment of the redemption amount, and resolve any disputes that may arise between the debtor and the current property holder. If all legal requirements are met, including the timely payment of the full redemption sum, the court will issue an order confirming the redemption. This order effectively transfers the ownership of the property back to the original debtor, nullifying the foreclosure sale. The court ensures that the process is legally sound and that the debtor's right of redemption is properly honored or, conversely, that the right is extinguished if not exercised correctly.

Factors Influencing Redemption Rights

Several factors can significantly impact whether a debtor can successfully exercise their right of redemption and the terms under which it can be done. These variables highlight the complexity and case-specific nature of redemption laws.

Jurisdictional Variations

The laws governing redemption rights vary considerably from one state or jurisdiction to another. Each jurisdiction has its own statutes that define the length of redemption periods, the specific amounts required for redemption, and the procedural requirements for exercising this right. Some states offer robust redemption rights, while others have very limited or no redemption periods after a foreclosure sale. Therefore, it is imperative to consult the specific laws of the jurisdiction in which the property is located. Resources such as downloadable law redemption in court pdf documents from local bar associations or legal aid organizations can be invaluable for understanding these localized differences.

Type of Debt or Lien

The nature of the debt or lien that led to the property sale can also influence redemption rights. For instance, redemption rights associated with residential mortgage foreclosures might differ from those related to tax lien sales or other types of secured debts. The specific terms of the loan agreement, the type of mortgage (e.g., conventional, FHA, VA), and the nature of any other encumbrances on the property will all play a role. Understanding the specific legal basis for the sale is crucial for determining the applicability and scope of redemption laws.

Timeliness of Action

Time is of the essence when it comes to redemption. The expiration of the statutory redemption period, if one exists, means the loss of the right to redeem. Similarly, the equitable right of redemption is lost once the foreclosure sale is completed. Debtors must act quickly and diligently to calculate the redemption amount, secure the necessary funds, and file the required legal documents before the deadline. Delays can have severe consequences, making proactive engagement with legal counsel and financial institutions critical.

Waiver of Redemption Rights

In some instances, a debtor may inadvertently or intentionally waive their right to redemption. This can occur through specific clauses in loan documents, agreements made during or after default, or by failing to take timely legal action. Courts generally scrutinize waivers of redemption rights closely to ensure they are made knowingly and voluntarily. However, understanding the potential for waiver

underscores the importance of seeking legal advice before signing any documents that might affect these rights. It is crucial to ensure that any actions taken do not prejudice the ability to redeem the property.

Implications of Redemption for Debtors and Creditors

The exercise of law redemption in court has significant implications for both debtors and creditors. For debtors, a successful redemption means retaining ownership of their property, preserving their equity, and avoiding the negative credit reporting and long-term financial consequences of foreclosure. It offers a chance to rectify financial difficulties and maintain stability. For creditors, while redemption means they do not recover the property, it ensures they receive payment for the debt owed, interest, and associated costs. However, the process can be lengthy and may involve additional administrative burdens and legal fees. Creditors must be prepared for the possibility of redemption and have procedures in place to handle such situations efficiently.

Common Scenarios Involving Law Redemption in Court

Several common situations highlight the practical application of redemption laws. Residential mortgage foreclosures, where homeowners seek to repurchase their homes after falling behind on payments, are perhaps the most frequent scenario. Tax sales, where properties are sold to satisfy delinquent property taxes, also commonly involve redemption rights, allowing property owners to reclaim their land by paying back taxes and penalties. In some cases of overdue child support or other court-ordered judgments that result in property liens and subsequent sales, redemption rights may also be applicable. Understanding these recurring scenarios can help individuals recognize when redemption might be an available option in their specific legal or financial predicaments.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the primary purpose of a redemption period in foreclosure proceedings, and is it universally available?

The primary purpose of a redemption period is to give the borrower a final opportunity to reclaim their property after a foreclosure sale by paying off the outstanding debt, including costs and interest. Its availability and duration vary significantly by jurisdiction; some states have statutory redemption periods, while others do not.

Where can I find information about state-specific redemption rights, and are there downloadable PDF resources?

Information about state-specific redemption rights is typically found on the websites of state legislatures, court systems, or attorney general offices. Many of these sites offer downloadable PDF documents containing statutes, legal guides, or court rules that detail redemption procedures and

requirements for that particular state.

What is the difference between a statutory redemption period and an equitable right of redemption in foreclosure cases?

A statutory redemption period is a right granted by state law after a foreclosure sale, allowing the borrower to redeem the property. An equitable right of redemption, on the other hand, exists before the foreclosure sale and allows the borrower to stop the foreclosure by paying the full amount owed.

Are there common requirements or procedures to be followed when exercising a right of redemption, and are these detailed in court-issued PDFs?

Yes, common requirements often include paying the full redemption amount (including sale price, taxes, and interest), adhering to strict deadlines, and filing specific legal documents with the court. Court-issued PDFs or judicial opinions often outline these procedures in detail, explaining how to initiate and complete the redemption process.

What are the potential consequences of failing to meet the deadline for redemption, and how might this be explained in legal documents?

The primary consequence of failing to meet the redemption deadline is the permanent loss of the right to reclaim the property. The borrower forfeits all interest in the property, and ownership is fully transferred to the foreclosure sale purchaser. Legal documents, such as court orders or foreclosure sale notices, will clearly state these deadlines and the finality of the process if not met.

Can I find sample legal forms or templates for filing a redemption notice or related documents in a court PDF?

Some court systems or legal aid organizations provide sample legal forms or templates for common filings, including those related to redemption. These PDFs can be helpful for understanding the structure and content of such documents, but it's crucial to consult with an attorney to ensure the forms are appropriate for your specific situation and jurisdiction.

Additional Resources

Here are 9 book titles related to law and redemption, with short descriptions:

1. *The Scales of Second Chances*. This novel explores the journey of a disgraced lawyer who, after a wrongful conviction, dedicates his life to aiding the wrongly accused. The book delves into the complexities of the legal system and the profound impact of justice being served, even when it comes at a great personal cost. It highlights the redemptive power found in fighting for truth and restoring faith in the law.
2. *Redemption in the Courtroom: A Legal Scholar's Memoir*. This non-fiction work offers a personal

account of a legal academic's evolution. Witnessing firsthand the flaws and triumphs within the justice system, the author grapples with ethical dilemmas and ultimately finds a path toward making amends for past professional oversights. The narrative focuses on the possibility of systemic and personal redemption through honest self-reflection and dedicated advocacy.

3. *The Unfolding Verdict: A Path to Atonement*. This gripping legal thriller follows a prosecutor who must confront his own past misdeeds to successfully defend a seemingly guilty client. As the trial progresses, new evidence emerges, forcing him to re-evaluate his definition of justice and his role in achieving it. The story is a profound exploration of guilt, responsibility, and the arduous path toward redemption within the adversarial legal arena.

4. *Beyond Reasonable Doubt: Seeking Reconciliation*. This collection of essays examines various cases where individuals have sought to atone for their crimes through the legal system and community service. It features stories of restorative justice initiatives and the psychological and social processes involved in achieving genuine remorse and reintegration. The book posits that true redemption lies not just in legal penalties but in meaningful acts of reconciliation.

5. *The Advocate's Reckoning: A Lawyer's Redemption Arc*. This compelling biography tells the story of a brilliant but morally compromised attorney who faces a devastating career-ending scandal. Forced to rebuild his life and reputation from scratch, he begins taking on pro bono cases for those on the fringes of society. The book chronicles his arduous journey towards regaining his integrity and finding purpose through service.

6. *Atonement Under Oath: Cases of Legal Redemption*. This anthology presents detailed case studies of individuals who, after serving their sentences, have successfully navigated the legal and social landscape to rebuild their lives. Each chapter explores the challenges they faced, the support systems they utilized, and the internal struggles for self-acceptance and societal reintegration. The book offers a hopeful perspective on the potential for redemption after legal transgression.

7. *The Gavel's Grace: Finding Redemption in Legal Practice*. This philosophical inquiry delves into the concept of redemption as it applies to legal professionals themselves. It explores how lawyers can find personal redemption through ethical practice, advocating for the marginalized, and acknowledging past mistakes. The book argues that the pursuit of justice, when undertaken with genuine compassion, can be a powerful force for both societal and individual atonement.

8. *Echoes of Innocence: A Courtroom's Redemption*. This poignant narrative centers on a small-town courtroom that becomes the stage for a series of cases where past injustices are unearthed and corrected. Through the tireless efforts of a dedicated judge and a determined young lawyer, the community finds a form of collective redemption by righting old wrongs. The story emphasizes how legal processes, when guided by integrity, can heal old wounds.

9. *The Statute of Forgiveness: Legal Pathways to Redemption*. This insightful treatise analyzes historical and contemporary legal frameworks that offer avenues for redemption and rehabilitation. It examines concepts like expungement, pardons, and parole, not just as legal mechanisms but as potential catalysts for personal transformation. The book argues for a more nuanced understanding of legal consequences, one that prioritizes the possibility of a redeemed future.

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Law Redemption in Court: A Guide to Legal Rehabilitation

Ebook Title: Redemption's Path: Navigating Legal Rehabilitation and Restorative Justice

Ebook Outline:

Introduction: Understanding the Concept of Legal Redemption and its Significance

Chapter 1: The Nature of Legal Wrongdoing and its Consequences: Exploring the spectrum of offenses and their societal impact.

Chapter 2: Exploring Avenues for Legal Redemption: Examining various legal processes, including expungement, pardon, sealing, and other restorative justice initiatives.

Chapter 3: Building a Case for Redemption: Strategies for demonstrating remorse, rehabilitation, and positive change. Documentation and evidence required.

Chapter 4: Navigating the Court System: Practical guidance on legal procedures, timelines, and potential challenges. Representation options (pro se vs. attorney).

Chapter 5: The Role of Restorative Justice: Exploring alternative approaches to traditional legal systems, including mediation, victim-offender dialogues, and community service.

Chapter 6: Post-Redemption: Rebuilding Your Life: Addressing challenges and opportunities after achieving legal redemption, including employment, housing, and social reintegration.

Conclusion: A Look Towards the Future of Legal Redemption and Restorative Justice.

Law Redemption in Court: A Guide to Legal Rehabilitation

Securing legal redemption after a criminal conviction is a complex but achievable goal. This comprehensive guide delves into the various avenues available for individuals seeking to overcome the lasting consequences of past mistakes. It explores the legal landscape surrounding expungements, pardons, and other restorative justice initiatives, providing practical guidance and strategic advice for navigating the challenging court system. Ultimately, this book aims to empower readers to rebuild their lives and achieve a sense of closure and renewed purpose.

Understanding the Concept of Legal Redemption and its

Significance (Introduction)

The concept of legal redemption centers around the idea of regaining one's standing in society after a criminal conviction. It's not simply about erasing a record; it's about demonstrating genuine remorse, undertaking meaningful rehabilitation, and actively contributing to the community. The significance of legal redemption is multifaceted:

Restoration of Rights: A criminal record can significantly limit opportunities in employment, housing, education, and even the right to vote. Legal redemption processes can help restore these essential rights.

Social Reintegration: The stigma associated with a criminal record can create significant social barriers. Redemption can facilitate reintegration into society and foster healthier relationships.

Personal Growth: The process of seeking redemption itself can be transformative. It requires self-reflection, accountability, and a commitment to positive change.

Community Healing: Restorative justice initiatives, which often form a crucial part of legal redemption, aim to repair the harm caused by crime and foster reconciliation between victims and offenders. This benefits not only the offender but the entire community.

The Nature of Legal Wrongdoing and its Consequences (Chapter 1)

Understanding the gravity and nature of the offense is paramount. Not all offenses are treated equally, and the available avenues for redemption vary significantly depending on the severity of the crime, the jurisdiction, and the offender's history. This chapter will examine:

Felonies vs. Misdemeanors: The distinctions between these classifications and their implications for the possibility of redemption.

Specific Offenses and Their Consequences: A discussion of different types of crimes and their associated penalties, including mandatory minimum sentences and other legal limitations.

Collateral Consequences: Exploring the wide-ranging indirect effects of a criminal record beyond direct legal penalties, such as employment discrimination, housing restrictions, and immigration issues.

Impact on Victims: Recognizing the lasting harm inflicted upon victims and the importance of considering their needs in the process of seeking redemption.

Exploring Avenues for Legal Redemption (Chapter 2)

Several legal mechanisms can facilitate redemption, each with specific requirements and limitations. This chapter provides a comprehensive overview:

Expungement: The process of having a criminal record sealed or erased, making it inaccessible to

the public. Eligibility criteria vary significantly by jurisdiction and offense.

Pardon: A formal act of forgiveness granted by a governor or president, often for more serious offenses. Pardons may not erase the record but can restore certain rights.

Sealing: Similar to expungement, sealing prevents access to court records. The rules around sealing vary widely by jurisdiction and the nature of the offense.

Certificates of Rehabilitation: These certificates demonstrate an individual's rehabilitation and can assist in overcoming obstacles posed by a criminal record.

Restorative Justice Programs: Alternative approaches that emphasize repairing harm and fostering reconciliation between offenders and victims. These can include mediation, victim-offender dialogues, and community service.

Building a Case for Redemption (Chapter 3)

Demonstrating genuine remorse, rehabilitation, and positive change is crucial for a successful redemption effort. This chapter explores the elements of building a strong case:

Demonstrating Remorse: Articulating genuine regret for past actions and understanding the impact of the offense. This often involves providing evidence of sincere apologies to victims, if applicable.

Evidence of Rehabilitation: Providing concrete examples of positive changes in behavior, such as completing substance abuse treatment, securing stable employment, obtaining further education, or engaging in community service.

Creating a Narrative of Transformation: Crafting a compelling story that showcases personal growth, resilience, and a commitment to leading a law-abiding life.

Gathering Supporting Documentation: Compiling necessary evidence, such as letters of recommendation, employment records, treatment completion certificates, and participation in community programs.

Navigating the Court System (Chapter 4)

Successfully navigating the legal process requires understanding the procedural steps, timelines, and potential challenges. This chapter offers practical guidance:

Understanding Court Procedures: Explaining the steps involved in applying for expungement, pardon, or other forms of legal relief.

Legal Representation: Discussing the pros and cons of hiring an attorney versus representing oneself (pro se). The complexity of the process often necessitates legal assistance.

Timelines and Deadlines: Understanding the timeframes involved in the legal process and the importance of meeting deadlines.

Potential Challenges and Obstacles: Addressing potential difficulties, such as incomplete applications, bureaucratic delays, and the need for appeals.

The Role of Restorative Justice (Chapter 5)

Restorative justice offers a powerful alternative to traditional punitive approaches, emphasizing repairing harm and fostering reconciliation. This chapter examines:

Mediation and Victim-Offender Dialogue: Facilitated conversations between offenders and victims to address the harm caused and explore pathways to healing.

Community Service and Restitution: Making amends for past actions through community contributions and financial reparations to victims.

Benefits of Restorative Justice: Highlighting the advantages for both offenders and victims in terms of reduced recidivism, improved social reintegration, and enhanced community well-being.

Post-Redemption: Rebuilding Your Life (Chapter 6)

Achieving legal redemption is a significant milestone, but it marks the beginning of a new journey of rebuilding one's life. This chapter addresses:

Employment Opportunities: Overcoming the stigma associated with a criminal record and securing meaningful employment.

Housing and Accommodation: Navigating potential challenges in securing housing and overcoming discrimination.

Social Reintegration: Rebuilding relationships and reconnecting with family and community.

Access to Education and Training: Pursuing educational and professional development opportunities to enhance future prospects.

Maintaining a Law-Abiding Life: The ongoing commitment to responsible citizenship and avoiding future legal troubles.

Conclusion: A Look Towards the Future of Legal Redemption and Restorative Justice

Legal redemption is an ongoing process that requires commitment, perseverance, and a willingness to embrace change. This conclusion reflects on:

The evolving landscape of legal reform and restorative justice initiatives.

The importance of continued advocacy for fairer and more compassionate justice systems.

The need for public awareness and understanding of the challenges faced by those seeking redemption.

The transformative power of second chances and the potential for individuals to contribute positively to society.

FAQs:

1. What is the difference between expungement and a pardon?
2. Can I get my criminal record expunged if I was convicted of a felony?
3. How long does the expungement process take?
4. What is restorative justice, and how does it work?
5. Do I need a lawyer to apply for expungement or a pardon?
6. What kind of evidence do I need to demonstrate rehabilitation?
7. What are the collateral consequences of a criminal record?
8. Can I travel internationally with a criminal record?
9. What are my options if my application for expungement is denied?

Related Articles:

1. Expungement Laws by State: A comprehensive guide to expungement laws in different US states.
2. The Pardon Process: A Step-by-Step Guide: Details on how to apply for a pardon.
3. Restorative Justice Practices: A Comprehensive Overview: Exploring various restorative justice approaches.
4. Overcoming the Barriers to Employment After a Conviction: Strategies for finding employment with a criminal record.
5. Housing Discrimination and Criminal Records: Information on housing rights and protections for individuals with criminal records.
6. The Impact of Criminal Records on Immigration: A discussion of how criminal records affect immigration status.
7. Building a Strong Case for Legal Redemption: Tips on creating a compelling narrative of transformation.
8. Navigating the Court System: A Guide for Self-Representation: Advice on representing oneself in court.
9. The Role of Victim-Offender Mediation in Restorative Justice: A deeper look at victim-offender dialogue.

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theorist, Balkin argues eloquently that the American constitutional project is based in faith, hope, and a narrative of shared redemption. Our belief that the Constitution will deliver us from evil shows in the stories we tell one another about where our country came from and where it is headed, and in the way we use these historical touchstones to justify our fervent (and opposed) political creeds. Because Americans have believed in a story of constitutional redemption, we have assumed the right to decide for ourselves what the Constitution means, and have worked to persuade others to set it on the right path. As a result, constitutional principles have often shifted dramatically over time. They are, in fact, often political compromises in disguise. What will such a Constitution become? We cannot know. But our belief in the legitimacy of the Constitution requires a leap of faith—a gamble on the ultimate vindication of a political project that has already survived many follies and near-catastrophes, and whose destiny is still over the horizon.

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the evolution of checks and balances. The Constitution's framers could never have imagined DNA, global warming, or even women's equality. Yet these and many more realities shape our lives and outlook. Our Constitution will remain vital into our changing future, the authors write, if judges remain true to this rich tradition of adaptation and fidelity.

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law redemption in court pdf: *Hardcore Redemption-in-Law* David E. Robinson, 2010-08-06 And the serpent case out of his mouth water as a flood after the woman and went to make war with her . . . to devour her. -- Revelation 12:15-17 and 12:4. The Endtime Beast is a system of law borrowed from the law of the sea implemented inland so that the ecclesia (the remnant) are forced into earnest demonstration. This system of law is patterned after the maritime trust that transfers the commercial interests of the people, called suretyship, to alien strangers wherein commerce knows no bounds and is typified by a flood. The woman is non other than the real true bona fide seed of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob -- their progeny of today.

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the pursuit of true justice. Winner of the Carnegie Medal for Excellence in Nonfiction • Winner of the NAACP Image Award for Nonfiction • Winner of a Books for a Better Life Award • Finalist for the Los Angeles Times Book Prize • Finalist for the Kirkus Reviews Prize • An American Library Association Notable Book “Every bit as moving as *To Kill a Mockingbird*, and in some ways more so . . . a searing indictment of American criminal justice and a stirring testament to the salvation that fighting for the vulnerable sometimes yields.”—David Cole, *The New York Review of Books* “Searing, moving . . . Bryan Stevenson may, indeed, be America’s Mandela.”—Nicholas Kristof, *The New York Times* “You don’t have to read too long to start cheering for this man. . . . The message of this book . . . is that evil can be overcome, a difference can be made. Just Mercy will make you upset and it will make you hopeful.”—Ted Conover, *The New York Times Book Review* “Inspiring . . . a work of style, substance and clarity . . . Stevenson is not only a great lawyer, he’s also a gifted writer and storyteller.”—*The Washington Post* “As deeply moving, poignant and powerful a book as has been, and maybe ever can be, written about the death penalty.”—*The Financial Times* “Brilliant.”—*The Philadelphia Inquirer*

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