## turning and repositioning chart

turning and repositioning chart is an essential tool in healthcare settings, particularly for patients who are bedridden or have limited mobility. This chart helps caregivers systematically reposition patients to prevent pressure ulcers, improve circulation, and enhance overall comfort. The effective use of turning and repositioning charts is vital in nursing homes, hospitals, and home care environments where patients require frequent movement to maintain skin integrity and avoid complications. This article explores the purpose, components, and best practices for implementing turning and repositioning charts, along with the benefits and challenges associated with their use. Additionally, it provides detailed guidance on how to customize these charts to meet individual patient needs and comply with healthcare regulations. Readers will gain a comprehensive understanding of how turning and repositioning charts contribute to quality patient care and the prevention of pressure injuries.

- Understanding Turning and Repositioning Charts
- Importance of Using a Turning and Repositioning Chart
- Components of a Turning and Repositioning Chart
- How to Implement a Turning and Repositioning Chart Effectively
- Benefits and Challenges of Turning and Repositioning Charts
- Customization and Compliance Considerations

## **Understanding Turning and Repositioning Charts**

Turning and repositioning charts are structured documents used by healthcare professionals to schedule and record patient movement. They are designed to ensure that patients who are immobile or have limited mobility are turned or repositioned at regular intervals to reduce pressure on vulnerable areas of the body. These charts serve as a communication tool among caregiving staff, providing a clear record of when and how patients were moved. By systematically documenting repositioning efforts, healthcare providers can monitor adherence to care protocols and identify any lapses that may increase the risk of pressure ulcers.

## **Purpose of Turning and Repositioning Charts**

The primary purpose of a turning and repositioning chart is to prevent pressure ulcers, also known as bedsores, which can develop when skin and underlying tissues are compressed for prolonged periods. The charts help manage the frequency and type of repositioning tailored to the patient's condition, ensuring pressure relief and promoting better skin health. Additionally, these charts support clinical decision-making by tracking patient responses to repositioning schedules and identifying any adjustments needed in care plans.

## Who Uses Turning and Repositioning Charts?

Turning and repositioning charts are used by a variety of healthcare professionals, including nurses, nursing assistants, home health aides, and physical therapists. They are essential in settings such as acute care hospitals, long-term care facilities, rehabilitation centers, and home care. Proper training on how to use these charts is critical to ensuring consistency and effectiveness in patient care.

## Importance of Using a Turning and Repositioning Chart

Utilizing a turning and repositioning chart is a key component of pressure injury prevention programs. These charts promote patient safety, improve quality of care, and assist healthcare facilities in meeting regulatory requirements. Without a structured approach to repositioning, patients are at higher risk of developing complications that prolong hospital stays and increase healthcare costs.

### **Prevention of Pressure Ulcers**

Pressure ulcers are a significant concern in healthcare, especially for patients who are confined to bed or wheelchair for extended periods. Using a turning and repositioning chart helps ensure that caregivers adhere to recommended turning schedules, typically every two hours, to alleviate pressure on bony prominences such as the sacrum, heels, and hips. Regular repositioning reduces tissue ischemia and prevents skin breakdown.

### **Improvement in Patient Comfort and Outcomes**

Aside from preventing pressure injuries, turning and repositioning also enhances patient comfort by reducing stiffness, improving circulation, and minimizing pain. A documented schedule ensures patients are repositioned consistently, which can lead to better mobility outcomes and faster recovery times in many cases.

## **Regulatory and Legal Compliance**

Healthcare organizations are often required by regulatory bodies such as Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) and The Joint Commission to maintain documentation of turning and repositioning activities. Proper use of turning and repositioning charts demonstrates compliance with these standards and can protect facilities from legal liabilities related to neglect or inadequate care.

## **Components of a Turning and Repositioning Chart**

A comprehensive turning and repositioning chart includes several key components that facilitate effective monitoring and documentation. These elements ensure clarity and usability for all members of the care team.

### **Patient Information Section**

This section includes the patient's name, identification number, room number, and relevant medical information such as mobility status and risk factors for pressure ulcers. Accurate patient identification is crucial to avoid errors in care.

## **Turning Schedule**

The turning schedule outlines specific times for repositioning, often in two-hour increments. It may include instructions for different positions, such as left lateral, right lateral, supine, or semi-Fowler's, depending on the patient's needs.

### **Documentation Fields**

These fields allow caregivers to record the time the patient was turned, the position they were placed in, and the initials or signature of the person performing the task. Some charts also include checkboxes to indicate skin condition or any observed issues.

## **Special Instructions and Notes**

Additional information such as the use of pressure-relieving devices, patient preferences, or contraindications to certain positions can be noted here. This section ensures personalized care and enhances communication among caregivers.

# How to Implement a Turning and Repositioning Chart Effectively

Successful implementation of turning and repositioning charts requires careful planning, training, and ongoing evaluation. Consistency and accuracy in documentation are vital to maximizing the chart's benefits.

## **Training Care Staff**

All caregivers involved in patient repositioning should receive training on the importance of turning schedules, proper techniques, and how to accurately complete the chart. This education helps reduce errors and ensures uniformity in care delivery.

## **Establishing a Routine**

Integrating turning schedules into daily care routines promotes adherence. Scheduling repositioning during regular care activities like vital signs measurement or medication administration can improve compliance.

## **Monitoring and Auditing**

Regular audits of turning and repositioning charts help identify gaps in care and provide opportunities for quality improvement. Supervisors should review charts frequently to verify that turning protocols are followed and documented correctly.

## **Using Technology to Support Charting**

Electronic health records (EHR) and digital turning reminder systems can enhance the accuracy and ease of documentation. These tools can provide alerts and automate record-keeping, reducing the risk of missed repositioning.

## Benefits and Challenges of Turning and Repositioning Charts

While turning and repositioning charts offer numerous advantages, there are also challenges associated with their use. Understanding both sides helps optimize their integration into patient care.

### **Benefits**

- Improved Patient Outcomes: Regular repositioning reduces the incidence of pressure ulcers and associated complications.
- **Enhanced Communication:** Charts provide a clear record that facilitates teamwork and continuity of care.
- **Regulatory Compliance:** Documentation supports adherence to healthcare standards and legal requirements.
- Quality Assurance: Enables monitoring of care practices and identification of areas needing improvement.

## **Challenges**

- **Staff Compliance:** Ensuring all caregivers consistently follow and document the schedule can be difficult.
- **Time Constraints:** High workload and staffing shortages may lead to missed repositioning or incomplete charting.
- Chart Complexity: Overly detailed or poorly designed charts may discourage use or lead to

errors.

• **Patient-Specific Needs:** Adapting charts to individual requirements requires ongoing assessment and flexibility.

## **Customization and Compliance Considerations**

Turning and repositioning charts should be tailored to fit the unique needs of each patient and healthcare setting. Customization enhances the effectiveness of the chart while maintaining compliance with relevant standards.

## **Adapting to Patient Needs**

Patients vary in mobility, skin condition, and tolerance to different positions. Customizing the turning schedule and instructions to reflect these differences improves patient comfort and reduces risk. For example, some patients may require repositioning every hour, while others may safely tolerate longer intervals.

## **Ensuring Regulatory Compliance**

Charts must comply with guidelines established by healthcare accrediting bodies. This includes proper documentation of timing, positions, and caregiver identification. Facilities should regularly update their charts and protocols to reflect current best practices and regulatory changes.

## **Incorporating Feedback and Continuous Improvement**

Feedback from caregivers and patients can inform modifications to the chart format and use. Continuous quality improvement initiatives help maintain high standards of care and adapt to evolving clinical needs.

## Frequently Asked Questions

## What is a turning and repositioning chart used for in healthcare?

A turning and repositioning chart is used in healthcare to document the times and positions in which a patient is turned or repositioned to prevent pressure ulcers and improve circulation.

## How often should patients be turned according to a turning

## and repositioning chart?

Patients should generally be turned every 2 hours, but the frequency can vary based on individual patient needs and healthcare provider recommendations.

# What information is typically recorded on a turning and repositioning chart?

The chart typically records the date, time, patient's position (e.g., left side, right side, back), the person who performed the turning, and any skin observations.

# Why is it important to maintain an accurate turning and repositioning chart?

Maintaining an accurate chart ensures consistent care, helps prevent pressure injuries, allows for monitoring patient skin condition, and provides documentation for healthcare compliance.

# Can turning and repositioning charts be used for patients in home care settings?

Yes, turning and repositioning charts are valuable in home care to help caregivers maintain regular repositioning schedules and monitor patient well-being.

# Are there digital alternatives to traditional turning and repositioning charts?

Yes, many healthcare facilities use electronic health records (EHR) systems or specialized apps that include digital turning and repositioning charts for easier documentation and reminders.

## **Additional Resources**

- 1. Turning and Repositioning in Patient Care: Best Practices and Techniques
  This book offers comprehensive guidance on the principles and methods of safely turning and repositioning patients. It covers the biomechanics involved, risk factors for pressure ulcers, and step-by-step procedures to reduce patient discomfort and injury. Healthcare professionals will find practical tips and evidence-based strategies to improve patient outcomes.
- 2. Pressure Ulcer Prevention Through Effective Turning and Repositioning
  Focused on preventing pressure ulcers, this text explores how regular turning and repositioning can significantly reduce skin breakdown in immobile patients. It includes case studies, risk assessment tools, and protocols designed to optimize nursing care. The book is ideal for clinicians seeking to implement robust pressure injury prevention programs.
- 3. Manual of Patient Handling: Safe Turning and Repositioning Techniques
  A hands-on manual detailing ergonomic and safe patient handling techniques, this book emphasizes
  injury prevention for both patients and caregivers. It presents illustrated instructions on various
  turning methods, use of assistive devices, and team approaches. The content supports healthcare

workers in maintaining safety standards and enhancing patient comfort.

- 4. Fundamentals of Turning and Repositioning: A Guide for Nursing Staff
  This guidebook provides foundational knowledge for nursing staff on the importance of turning and repositioning in patient care. It highlights physiological benefits, frequency recommendations, and documentation practices. With easy-to-follow guidelines, it serves as a valuable resource for new and experienced nurses alike.
- 5. Innovations in Repositioning: Technology and Techniques for Patient Mobility
  Exploring modern advancements, this book discusses cutting-edge devices and methods that
  facilitate turning and repositioning. It evaluates the effectiveness of mechanical lifts, automated
  beds, and sensor-based monitoring systems. Healthcare providers interested in integrating
  technology into care routines will find this resource insightful.
- 6. Clinical Strategies for Turning and Repositioning Immobile Patients
  This clinical text delves into challenges and solutions associated with repositioning patients with limited mobility. It addresses individualized care plans, multidisciplinary collaboration, and managing complex cases. The book also provides evidence-based recommendations to improve patient safety and reduce complications.
- 7. Turning and Repositioning: A Multidisciplinary Approach to Pressure Injury Management Emphasizing teamwork, this book outlines the roles of various healthcare professionals in turning and repositioning protocols. It covers assessment, intervention, and evaluation phases in pressure injury management. Readers will gain insight into coordinated care strategies that enhance patient healing and comfort.
- 8. Ergonomics and Patient Turning: Protecting Caregivers and Patients
  This publication focuses on the ergonomic principles involved in manual turning and repositioning tasks. It discusses risk factors for musculoskeletal injuries among caregivers and offers training techniques to minimize strain. The book advocates for a balanced approach that preserves caregiver health while ensuring patient safety.
- 9. Turning and Repositioning Chart Documentation: Accuracy and Compliance
  Detailing the importance of precise documentation, this book guides healthcare workers in
  maintaining accurate turning and repositioning charts. It explains legal and clinical implications,
  charting methods, and common pitfalls to avoid. By improving record-keeping, the book supports
  quality care and regulatory compliance.

## **Turning And Repositioning Chart**

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# Turning and Repositioning Charts: Master the Art of Data Visualization and Strategic Communication

Are you drowning in data, struggling to communicate key insights, and losing crucial opportunities because your charts aren't telling the right story? Do your presentations fall flat, leaving your audience confused and unconvinced? You're not alone. Many professionals struggle to effectively visualize and communicate data, leading to missed opportunities and ineffective decision-making. This ebook provides the solutions you need to transform your charts from confusing clutter into compelling narratives that drive action.

This ebook, "Turning and Repositioning Charts: From Data Chaos to Strategic Clarity," by [Your Name/Pen Name], will equip you with the practical skills and proven techniques to:

Unlock the Power of Visual Communication: Learn how to choose the right chart for the right data, ensuring clarity and impact.

Transform Data into Engaging Narratives: Discover how to tell a compelling story with your data, capturing attention and driving understanding.

Master Chart Design Principles: Understand the essential design elements that make a chart effective and aesthetically pleasing.

Reposition Charts for Maximum Impact: Learn techniques to rearrange, refine, and repurpose your charts for different audiences and purposes.

Boost Your Presentation Skills: Confidently present your data-driven insights, leaving a lasting impression.

Improve Decision-Making: Use data visualization to drive better, more informed decisions.

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Chapter 6: Advanced Charting Techniques: Exploring interactive charts and data visualization tools. Conclusion: Implementing Your New Charting Skills and Continuing Your Learning Journey.

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# Introduction: The Importance of Effective Charting and Repositioning

In today's data-driven world, the ability to effectively visualize and communicate information is more crucial than ever. Charts serve as powerful tools for conveying complex data, revealing trends, and facilitating decision-making. However, poorly designed or inappropriately positioned charts can lead to misinterpretations, missed opportunities, and ultimately, failure to achieve objectives. This ebook delves into the art and science of turning and repositioning charts to maximize their impact and unlock the true potential of your data. We'll explore how to choose the right chart type, apply effective design principles, craft compelling narratives, and tailor your visualizations for specific audiences.

## **Chapter 1: Choosing the Right Chart for Your Data**

Selecting the appropriate chart type is the foundational step in effective data visualization. The wrong chart can obscure insights and mislead your audience. This chapter will guide you through a variety of chart types, explaining their strengths and weaknesses, and helping you choose the best fit for your specific data.

#### 1.1 Understanding Different Chart Types:

Bar Charts: Ideal for comparing categorical data across different categories.

Line Charts: Best for showcasing trends and changes over time.

Pie Charts: Effective for displaying proportions of a whole. (Use sparingly; avoid using too many

slices).

Scatter Plots: Reveal correlations between two continuous variables.

Area Charts: Highlight cumulative totals or changes over time.

Heatmaps: Visualize data across two dimensions using color intensity.

Histograms: Show the distribution of a single continuous variable.

Box Plots: Display the distribution of a dataset, highlighting key statistics like median and quartiles.

#### 1.2 Matching Charts to Data Types:

The key is to match the chart type to the type of data you're visualizing. Categorical data (e.g., names, categories) is best suited to bar charts or pie charts. Numerical data (e.g., sales figures, temperatures) can be visualized using line charts, scatter plots, or histograms. Understanding this fundamental relationship is crucial for effective data visualization.

## **Chapter 2: Design Principles for Effective Charts**

Even with the right chart type, poor design can render your visualization ineffective. This chapter

covers key design principles to create charts that are both informative and visually appealing.

#### 2.1 Visual Hierarchy:

Guide the viewer's eye through the most important information first. Use size, color, and position to emphasize key data points.

#### 2.2 Color Palettes:

Choose colors that are visually distinct and easy to interpret. Avoid using too many colors, and be mindful of colorblindness.

### 2.3 Labeling and Annotations:

Clear and concise labels are essential. Use titles, axis labels, and legends to provide context and explain your data. Annotations can highlight specific data points or trends.

#### 2.4 Data Ink Ratio:

Maximize the "data ink ratio" – the proportion of ink used to display data versus non-data elements. Minimize unnecessary clutter.

### 2.5 Chart Size and Resolution:

Ensure your chart is large enough to be easily readable, and use a high enough resolution to maintain clarity.

## **Chapter 3: Storytelling with Data**

Data visualization is not just about presenting numbers; it's about telling a story. This chapter explores how to transform your data into a compelling narrative that engages your audience.

#### 3.1 Defining Your Narrative:

Before you create your chart, identify the key message you want to convey. What insights are you trying to reveal? What story are you trying to tell?

#### 3.2 Choosing the Right Angle:

Frame your data in a way that supports your narrative. Highlight specific trends or outliers that reinforce your message.

#### 3.3 Using Visual Cues:

Use visual cues such as color, size, and shape to guide the viewer's attention and emphasize key points.

### 3.4 Adding Context:

Provide context for your data, including relevant background information and explanations.

3.5 Simplicity and Clarity:

Keep your charts simple and easy to understand. Avoid overwhelming your audience with too much information.

# Chapter 4: Repositioning Charts for Different Audiences

The same chart may not be effective for all audiences. This chapter explores how to adapt your charts to resonate with different levels of expertise and interests.

4.1 Adapting for Technical Audiences:

For experts, you can include more detail, complex metrics, and technical jargon.

4.2 Adapting for Non-Technical Audiences:

For non-experts, simplify your charts, use plain language, and avoid technical terms.

4.3 Tailoring for Specific Purposes:

Adapt charts for presentations, reports, dashboards, and other contexts.

4.4 Iterative Refinement:

Test your charts with your target audience and refine them based on feedback.

## **Chapter 5: Case Studies and Best Practices**

This chapter will feature real-world examples of effective and ineffective chart design. Learn from successes and failures, gaining practical insights into best practices.

## **Chapter 6: Advanced Charting Techniques**

This chapter will explore more advanced techniques such as interactive charts and using various data visualization tools.

# Conclusion: Implementing Your New Charting Skills and Continuing Your Learning Journey

This ebook has equipped you with the essential skills to create, refine and strategically use charts to improve your communication and understanding of complex data. Remember the key takeaway: Effective data visualization isn't just about the technical aspects; it's about crafting a clear, concise and impactful narrative that resonates with your audience.

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## **FAQs**

- 1. What is the difference between a bar chart and a column chart? Bar charts have horizontal bars, while column charts have vertical bars. The choice depends on the data and the desired visual emphasis.
- 2. How many data points should a pie chart have? Generally, no more than 5-7 slices to avoid visual clutter.
- 3. What are some common mistakes in chart design? Overusing 3D effects, using inappropriate chart types, poor labeling, and cluttered designs are common pitfalls.
- 4. What are some good tools for creating charts? Excel, Google Sheets, Tableau, Power BI are popular options.
- 5. How can I improve the readability of my charts? Use clear fonts, appropriate colors, and avoid unnecessary visual elements.
- 6. How can I tell a story with my data? Identify the key message, choose the right angle, use visual cues, add context, and prioritize simplicity.
- 7. How do I tailor a chart for different audiences? Consider their level of expertise, interests, and the context in which they'll be viewing the chart.
- 8. What are some resources for learning more about data visualization? Numerous online courses, tutorials, and books are available.
- 9. How do I know if my chart is effective? Ask yourself: Is it clear, concise, accurate, and does it support my narrative? Gather feedback from your audience.

### **Related Articles:**

- 1. Data Visualization Best Practices: A comprehensive guide to effective chart design principles.
- 2. Choosing the Right Chart Type: A detailed breakdown of various chart types and their applications.
- 3. Mastering Color Palettes for Data Visualization: Guidance on selecting effective and accessible color schemes.
- 4. Storytelling with Data: A Practical Guide: Techniques for crafting compelling narratives using data visualizations.
- 5. Data Visualization for Presentations: Tips for creating effective visuals for presentations.
- 6. Interactive Data Visualization Tools: A review of popular software and online tools for creating interactive charts.
- 7. Repositioning Charts for Different Audiences: A Case Study: Examples of how to adapt charts for various audiences.
- 8. Avoiding Common Mistakes in Data Visualization: Identifying and correcting common pitfalls in chart design.
- 9. The Power of Data Visualization in Decision-Making: Exploring how effective charts can improve decision-making processes.

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turning and repositioning chart: Fragility Fracture Nursing Karen Hertz, Julie Santy-Tomlinson, 2018-06-15 This open access book aims to provide a comprehensive but practical overview of the knowledge required for the assessment and management of the older adult with or at risk of fragility fracture. It considers this from the perspectives of all of the settings in which this group of patients receive nursing care. Globally, a fragility fracture is estimated to occur every 3 seconds. This amounts to 25 000 fractures per day or 9 million per year. The financial costs are reported to be: 32 billion EUR per year in Europe and 20 billon USD in the United States. As the population of China ages, the cost of hip fracture care there is likely to reach 1.25 billion USD by 2020 and 265 billion by 2050 (International Osteoporosis Foundation 2016). Consequently, the need for nursing for patients with fragility fracture across the world is immense. Fragility fracture is one of the foremost challenges for health care providers, and the impact of each one of those expected 9 million hip fractures is significant pain, disability, reduced quality of life, loss of independence and decreased life expectancy. There is a need for coordinated, multi-disciplinary models of care for secondary fracture prevention based on the increasing evidence that such models make a difference. There is also a need to promote and facilitate high quality, evidence-based effective care to those who suffer a fragility fracture with a focus on the best outcomes for recovery, rehabilitation and secondary prevention of further fracture. The care community has to understand better the experience of fragility fracture from the perspective of the patient so that direct improvements in care can be based on the perspectives of the users. This book supports these needs by providing a comprehensive approach to nursing practice in fragility fracture care.

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**turning and repositioning chart: Wound Care Essentials** Sharon Baranoski, Elizabeth Ayello, 2015-07-29 Written by renowned wound care experts Sharon Baranoski and Elizabeth Ayello, in collaboration with an interdisciplinary team of experts, this handbook covers all aspects of wound assessment, treatment, and care.

turning and repositioning chart: Human Dimension and Interior Space Julius Panero, Martin Zelnik, 2014-01-21 The study of human body measurements on a comparative basis is known as anthropometrics. Its applicability to the design process is seen in the physical fit, or interface, between the human body and the various components of interior space. Human Dimension and Interior Space is the first major anthropometrically based reference book of design standards for use by all those involved with the physical planning and detailing of interiors, including interior designers, architects, furniture designers, builders, industrial designers, and students of design. The use of anthropometric data, although no substitute for good design or sound professional judgment should be viewed as one of the many tools required in the design process. This comprehensive overview of anthropometrics consists of three parts. The first part deals with the theory and application of anthropometrics and includes a special section dealing with physically disabled and elderly people. It provides the designer with the fundamentals of anthropometrics and a basic understanding of how interior design standards are established. The second part contains easy-to-read, illustrated anthropometric tables, which provide the most current data available on human body size, organized by age and percentile groupings. Also included is data relative to the range of joint motion and body sizes of children. The third part contains hundreds of dimensioned drawings, illustrating in plan and section the proper anthropometrically based relationship between user and space. The types of spaces range from residential and commercial to recreational and institutional, and all dimensions include metric conversions. In the Epilogue, the authors challenge the interior design profession, the building industry, and the furniture manufacturer to seriously explore the problem of adjustability in design. They expose the fallacy of designing to accommodate the so-called average man, who, in fact, does not exist. Using government data, including studies prepared by Dr. Howard Stoudt, Dr. Albert Damon, and Dr. Ross McFarland, formerly of the Harvard School of Public Health, and Jean Roberts of the U.S. Public Health Service, Panero and Zelnik have devised a system of interior design reference standards, easily understood through a series of charts and situation drawings. With Human Dimension and Interior Space, these standards are now accessible to all designers of interior environments.

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<u>Medical-surgical Nursing</u> Pauline Paul, Beverly Williams, 2009 This is the Second Edition of the

popular Canadian adaptation of Brunner and Suddarth's Textbook of Medical-Surgical Nursing, by Day, Paul, and Williams. Woven throughout the content is new and updated material that reflects key practice differences in Canada, ranging from the healthcare system, to cultural considerations, epidemiology, pharmacology, Web resources, and more. Compatibility: BlackBerry(R) OS 4.1 or Higher / iPhone/iPod Touch 2.0 or Higher /Palm OS 3.5 or higher / Palm Pre Classic / Symbian S60, 3rd edition (Nokia) / Windows Mobile(TM) Pocket PC (all versions) / Windows Mobile Smartphone / Windows 98SE/2000/ME/XP/Vista/Tablet PC

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teenage girl gets on, waves away the smoke from Dead Buck's cigarette. Will doesn't know her, but she knew him. Knew. When they were eight. And stray bullets had cut through the playground, and Will had tried to cover her, but she was hit anyway, and so what she wants to know, on that fifth floor elevator stop, is, what if Will, Will with the gun shoved in the back waistband of his jeans, MISSES. And so it goes, the whole long way down, as the elevator stops on each floor, and at each stop someone connected to his brother gets on to give Will a piece to a bigger story than the one he thinks he knows. A story that might never know an END...if Will gets off that elevator. Told in short, fierce staccato narrative verse, Long Way Down is a fast and furious, dazzlingly brilliant look at teenage gun violence, as could only be told by Jason Reynolds.

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